

## IWSPSSA T-BALL RULES – UPDATED 2023

### BASIC T-BALL RULES AND INFORMATION FOR PRIMARY TEACHERS

*Coaches/ Umpires should be aware that the nature of the game is an enjoyable learning experience for all players and should therefore apply the rules with discretion and judgement.*

It is recommended where possible coaches discuss the results of each of your school's games with the opposing coach before leaving the field. Coaches are also encouraged to keep all score sheets in a safe place as if there are any discrepancies in the final score sent by opposing teams the umpiring coach will be asked to send through the completed score sheet for the convenor to make a decision. If a score sheet is not sent when asked, the decision will remain with the convenor.

**ALL TEAMS MUST EMAIL** all T-Ball team results before 12 noon the following Monday as per the WSPSSA by-laws (14) [sarah.jones138@det.nsw.edu.au](mailto:sarah.jones138@det.nsw.edu.au). Any result sent after this time will not be counted.

Additionally if no result is sent from a particular game both schools will forfeit and be penalised with a 10 - 0 loss. These measures align with keeping for and against.

#### **PLAYERS:**

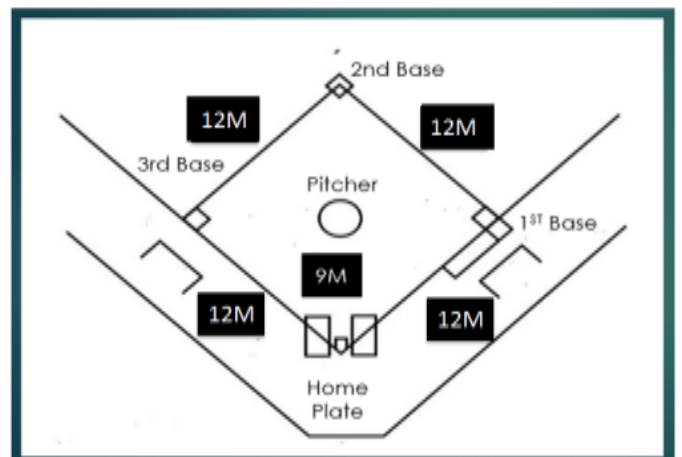
- **A team shall consist of no more than 12 players and no less than 7.** The team can consist of a 40/60 ratio of male and female players.
- Provided three outs are not achieved by the fielding team all 12 players shall bat in every half inning.
- Each time a team bats they can only bat a maximum of 12 batters. If the fielding team achieve 3 outs the inning is over.
- All 12 players shall play on defence (play on the field) during each game. However, **only nine players are permitted on the field at any one time (fielding positions can change throughout the inning BUT not during an inning).**
- **The batting order does not change at anytime in the game.**

#### **RULES FOR SCORING and CALLING GAME**

- **Games start at 12:30 (as per WSPSSA by-laws) and a minimum of 2 completed innings must be played to constitute a game.**
- Games **must be finished by 2:15 and the top of an innings cannot start after 2pm.** A game can go no longer than 5 completed innings.
- An innings is defined as a top and a bottom:
  - **TOP** of the innings: Team A bats and Team B fields
  - **BOTTOM** of the innings: Team A fields and Team B bats.
  - Completed innings: both teams have batted and fielded
  - Once a team has both batted and fielded the second innings starts with team A batting again and Team B fielding. This would now be referred to as the top of the 2<sup>nd</sup> innings.
- **The winner of the game shall be the team that scores the most runs in a regulation game.** That is the score at the end of the last completed innings.
- **UNLESS:** The team second at bat (the bottom of the innings) in their uncompleted innings has scored more runs than the first team at bat. In this case the score shall be that at the end of the uncompleted innings. The score reverts back only when the 2<sup>nd</sup> at bat (at the bottom of the innings) are behind and have less than 3 outs when the game ends (time runs out or conditions are unplayable)

#### **RULES FOR SETTING UP**

- **Running lines between bases 12m**
- **Pitching distance 9m**
- Teams are required to use a leather or synthetic **11" mod. Ball.**
- The dead ball line runs parallel to the foul ball line
- Coaches have the options of putting all their team on the batting line up (up to 12 players) so that all players get to bat. **ONLY 9 PLAYERS CAN TAKE THE FIELD.**



## **COACHING:**

The offensive team is permitted a coach to be stationed in the coaches Box near 1st and 3rd bases. The offensive coach must not interfere with the ball or any fielder and must not physically assist the batter/runner in any way.

The Umpire is not permitted to 'coach' teams in a way that ensures an unfair advantage.

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## **THE UMPIRE:**

- The umpire will call **PLAY**, when a batter is in the batting box. the umpire will call: **BATTER READY... FIELDSERS SET... PLAY BALL.**  
For each batter and after every strike, foul ball, dead ball or after time has been called.
    - **BATTER READY:** Once the call is made and the umpire can see that the batter is ready, the batter is no longer able to move. Batters must be square on to home plate when batting.
    - **FIELDSERS SET:** The fielders are no longer able to move until the ball is hit. Then finally the umpire calls...
    - **PLAY/ PLAY BALL:** The batter hits the ball. The batter CAN NOT move their back foot after you have called batter ready.
  - **In the case of a batter moving their back foot and hitting the ball TIME is called and the batter is awarded a strike. In the case where their back foot moves and it's strike 3 the batter is out.**
  - The umpire should adjust the height of the tee to suit the batter and place the ball on the tee
  - The tee must be removed by the umpire whenever necessary so that players will not be obstructed or injured (e.g. when a runner is running home from third base). The umpire can move the tee into foul territory when a play might be played at home or hold it in his or her hand. This is best done right after the batter hits the ball.
  - The catcher stands next to the umpire when the batter is batting and moves forward once the ball has been hit.
  - The umpire should move into the field of play once the ball is hit and the Tee is in a safe position.
  - Students DO NOT need to wear shin pads. Catchers must still wear full catchers gear, shin pads/ leggings are optional.
  - **The umpire shall not call time until all possible play has ceased.** For example, the runners are no longer advancing bases and/or the fielder has control of the ball and is not in the process of making a play.
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## **PLAYERS CALLING STOP PLAY**

- When the ball is in play, fielders can stop play by holding the ball in the air and standing still.
  - **The ball MUST have been batted out of the diamond and thrown back into the diamond before the player holds up the ball.**
  - The ball MUST be deemed to be in the infield (inside the bases). The umpire will then call TIME and players can no longer advance.
  - In the case of a player being approximately halfway, it is the umpire's decision whether the player is to advance or go back. It is important to consider if a quality throw was made and caught by the fielder would the runner be out if forced or tagged.
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## **OBSTRUCTIONS**

- All obstructions (defined as a fielder obstructing a baserunner from the approximate running line) that occur shall be called by all umpires. The ball is dead immediately and the runners shall be awarded the base they would have made had the obstruction not occurred.
  - Obstruction will be called if a fielder is on the base or running line and the runner collides or is obstructed by the runner from advancing.
  - However, if the fielder is in the process of fielding a ball or receiving a ball from another fielder no obstruction can occur from the involved fielder/s.
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## INTERFERENCE

- All interferences (defined as a batted ball that hits a baserunner) that occur shall be called by all umpires. There shall be no penalties applied.
  - The ball will be dead and all runners shall return to the base they held at the time of the interference.
  - Unless forced to advance by the batter-runner. The batter is only awarded first base.
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## RULES WHEN BATTING

- The umpire will call BATTER UP or NEXT BATTER in the game. Batters can then approach the plate at this time.
  - **BATTERS must wear a helmet while batting an base running.** If the helmet has a chin strap, it must be secured. Batters must be square on to home plate when batting.
  - **The batter is permitted one practice swing. Should the ball fall from the tee on the practice swing there shall be no penalty. Any additional movement of the bat towards the ball after this practice swing shall be called a strike.**
  - The umpire will call BATTER READY: Once the call is made, the batter is no longer able to move. Batters must be square on to home plate when batting.
  - If the batter hits the ball before "Play" has been called, the ball is dead and no count is recorded against the batter. The batter shall take a normal forceful swing when striking the ball.
  - **Bunting is not allowed.** If the umpire thinks that the batter is not taking a full swing, the batter should be called back to swing again.
  - **The umpire will announce to the fielders in a loud clear voice. LAST BATTER.**
  - When the 12<sup>th</sup> batter hits the ball the ball MUST be thrown home where the catcher or any other fielder stands on home plate with the ball in his glove/hand to stop play. The umpire will call SIDE AWAY.
  - **Batters should be seated in foul territory in correct batting order, until called by the umpire.**
  - **When a ball is hit fair to the outfield and roles over/under/through a fence/bush/cricket boundary/ or any other obstacle which the umpire deems to interfere, or obstruct the fielder the batter is awarded two bases. Additionally, if there are baserunners on they also receive 2 bases.**
  - **A strike is called:**
    - When the batter swings at the ball and misses.
    - When the batter swings and hits the tee and not the ball. This is a foul ball.
    - All foul balls shall be counted as strikes.
    - After the 3rd strike the batter is out.
  - **Until the ball is hit :**
    - The pitcher must have both feet in contact with the pitchers plate
    - The catcher must be behind home plate in a safe position with the umpire. (approx 2-3 meters back from the batter and next to the umpire) All other fielders must be stationed in fair territory
    - **No fielder, other than the catcher may be stationed within 9 metres of home plate.**
    - **The pitcher must field on the pitchers plate until the ball is hit.**
    - **There must be only 6 players inside the bases including the catcher, pitcher, first base, second base, third base and short stop.**
    - **Outfielders MUST be outside the bases in the outfield.**
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## RULES WHEN FEILDING

### Players Calling Stop Play

- When the ball is in play, fielders can stop play by holding the ball in the air and standing still.
- **The ball MUST have been battered out of the diamond and thrown back into the diamond before the player holds up the ball.**
- The ball MUST be deemed to be in the infield (inside the bases). The umpire will then call TIME and players can no longer advance.

- In the case of a player being approximately halfway, it is the umpire's decision whether the player is to advance or go back. It is important to consider if a quality throw was made and caught by the fielder would the runner be out if forced or tagged.

### Pitching

- **The ball is not pitched in Tee Ball - instead it is batted from a tee.**
- The pitcher must keep both feet in contact with the pitches plate until the ball is hit.

### Overthrows

- **When the ball is overthrown and becomes dead** (i.e. throw goes into the bench or beyond the limit of the playing field or hits a person not engaged in the game etc) **all runners shall be awarded one base from the last base legally touched at the time of the throw.**
- The batter runner will only be awarded first base. (This encourages students to throw the ball to make a play risk free.)
- In this situation the **umpire calls "DEAD BALL"**.

### Base-Running

- The runner must wait until the ball is hit before leaving the base.
- Players are not permitted to 'steal' bases during T-ball games.
- The umpire shall call 'DEAD BALL' if a runner leaves before the batter hits the ball. There is no penalty, the runner simply returns to the base.

### Getting Players Out

#### The batter can be given out:

- After the 3rd strike
- If the ball is caught on the full
- Throwing the bat dangerously (Umpire to give fair warning/s before calling the player out)
- If a fielder holding the ball touches first base before the batter arrives or if a fielder holding the ball tags the batter before the batter reaches first.

#### Baserunners can be given out:

- If a fielder holding the ball tags the runner (either forced or unforced) between bases; or if a fielder holding the ball touches the base with any part of the body (usually the foot) before a forced runner reaches the base
- If the runner had left the base before a caught flyball and a fielder holding the ball (as above) reaches the original base before the runner can return.

#### When tagging a runner:

- The fielder must touch the runner with the hand/hands holding the ball or the runner will not be out if the fielder loses control of the ball

#### Dead or alive ball:

- The ball shall be dead:
  - When the batter hits the tee
  - On all interferences and obstructions
  - When the ball is overthrown or hits a person not engaged in the game